

STEVEN L. BESHEAR Governor

## FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION CABINET DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE

501 HIGH STREET FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY 40620 Phone (502) 564-3226 Fax (502) 564-3875 www.kentucky.gov LORI HUDSON FLANERY Secretary

THOMAS B. MILLER
Commissioner

In the matter of:



FINAL RULING NO. 2012-27 April 4, 2012

Sales and Use Tax Assessment Periods November 1, 2009 through May 31, 2010

## FINAL RULING

The Kentucky Department of Revenue ("DOR") has an outstanding sales and use tax assessments against Co ("DOR") for the period November 1, 2009 through May 31, 2010. The following schedule reflects the total underpayment, including applicable interest and penalty accrued to date.

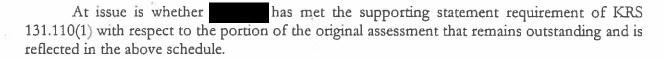
Period	Tax	Interest as of 04/04/2012	Penalty	Total per period
11/01/09 - 05/31/10	\$	\$	\$	\$
Totals	\$	\$	\$	\$

For the p	period listed above,	operated as a ma	nufacturer and	retailer of paint	and
paint products.	operated one man	nufacturing location	and a separate	e retail location.	

was audited for the period May 1, 2006 through May 31, 2010 and initially assessed \$ timely protested and provided sufficient supporting documentation to warrant adjustment or reduction in the assessment to the amount shown in the schedule above.







Subsequent to the adjustments supported by s

The Kentucky courts have held that KRS 131.110 imposes upon a taxpayer protesting an assessment or a refund denial a legal duty to provide the Department with "something more substantial than mere denials of tax liability." <u>Eagle Machine Co., Inc. v. Commonwealth ex rel. Gillis</u>, Ky. App., 698 S.W.2d 528, 530 (1985). In order to make a valid protest, a taxpayer must "provide financial statements, records or some other documentation that would allow the Revenue Department some basis for reconsideration." <u>Id.</u> at 529.

The courts have held that this statutory provision (KRS 131.110(1)) is "mandatory in nature" and that failure to submit documentation as it requires will result in the taxpayer's loss of the right to further review of the assessment or refund denial in question. Scotty's Construction Co. v. Revenue Cabinet, Ky. App., 779 S.W.2d 234 (1989). In both Scotty's Construction and Eagle Machine, the taxpayers failed to provide any substantial information in support of their denials of tax liability, despite being given ample opportunity to do. The same is true in this matter.

As indicated above, a penalty has been assessed pursuant to KRS 131.180(2) because of sailure to have timely paid at least 75% of the tax determined to be due by the DOR. has provided nothing that would indicate that this penalty was erroneously applied or that it should be waived or abated.

Therefore, the outstanding sales and use tax assessments totaling \$ company applicable penalty and interest) are deemed legitimate liabilities of company due the Commonwealth of Kentucky.

This letter is the final ruling of the Department of Revenue.

## APPEAL

You may appeal this final ruling to the Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals pursuant to the provisions of KRS 131.110, KRS 131.340-131.365, 103 KAR 1:010 and 802 KAR 1:010. If you decide to appeal this final ruling, your petition of appeal must be filed at the principal office of the Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals, 128 Brighton Park Boulevard, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-3714, within thirty (30) days from the date of this final ruling. The rules of the Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals, which are set forth in 802 KAR 1:010, require that the petition of appeal must:

- 1. Be filed in quintuplicate;
- 2. Contain a brief statement of the law and facts in issue;
- 3. Contain the petitioner's or appellant's position as to the law and facts; and
- 4. Include a copy of this final ruling with each copy of the petition of appeal.

The petition of appeal must be in writing and signed by the petitioner or appellant. Filings by facsimile or other electronic means shall not be accepted.

Proceedings before the Kentucky Board of Tax Appeals are conducted in accordance with 103 KAR 1:010, 802 KAR 1:010 and KRS 131.340-131.365 and KRS Chapter 13B. Formal hearings are held by the Board concerning the tax appeals before it, with all testimony and proceedings officially reported. Legal representation of parties to appeals before the Board is governed by the following rules set forth in Section 3 of 802 KAR 1:010:

- 1. An individual may represent himself in any proceedings before the Board where his individual tax liability is at issue or he may obtain an attorney to represent him in those proceedings;
- 2. An individual who is not an attorney may not represent any other individual or legal entity in any proceedings before the Board;
- 3. Any party appealing a final ruling to the Board other than an individual, such as a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, joint venture, estate or other legal entity, shall be represented by an attorney in all proceedings before the Board, including the filing of the petition of appeal; and
- 4. An attorney who is not licensed to practice in Kentucky may practice before the Board only if he complies with Rule 3.030(2) of the Rules of the Kentucky Supreme Court.

You will be notified by the Clerk of the Board of the date and time set for any hearing.

Sincerely,

FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION CABINET

E. Jeffrey Mosley

Interim Executive Director

Office of Legal Services for Revenue

cc: PLC
Attn:

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED